

The Mountain Advocate.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY IN KNOX COUNTY

New Series: Vol. IV, No. 14

BARBOURVILLE, KY., FRIDAY, JANUARY 15, 1915,

Old Series: Vol VIII, No. 34

J. M. ROBESON, PRES. ROBERT W. COLE, CASHIER.

The HONOR ROLL BANK

Capital Paid in Cash : \$25,000.00
Surplus Profit Fund : \$29,000.00
Assets More Than : \$300,000.00
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First National Bank,
Barbourville, Kentucky.

THE CHURCHES

Christian Church.

Sunday school at the Court House at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at the Presbyterian Church both morning and evening. The subject of the morning sermon will be "The Preacher and His Education." The subject for the evening will be "John the Baptist and His Mission." All are cordially invited to attend these services. We are glad to note an increased attendance at both Church and Sunday school services.

J. W. Ligon, Minister.

Fighting Creek Church

There will be services at the Fighting Creek Church Saturday night and Sunday morning. Everybody is cordially invited to attend these services.

W. F. Gregory, Pastor.

January Term of Knox Circuit Court.

The following is the list of Petit Jurors for third week, January term, 1915, of Knox Circuit Court:

S. H. Black, Crumenes; Wiley Hammons, Barbourville; W. C. Hopper, Barbourville; Frank Davis, Mills; B. M. Fannon, Braided; Geo. Brown, Indian Creek; Pleasant Bryant, Place; Thos. Carrier, Girdler; A. H. Fox, Permain; G. G. West, Barbourville; Lee Bain, Barbourville; L. J. Lay, Lay; I. H. Golden, Barbourville; Sam Jarvis, Hopper; I. R. Short, Barbourville; Henry Cheek, Girdler; James Horn, Barbourville; Wm. Carter, Rockhold; James Helton, Crumenes; Wm. Engle, Place; Lou Webb, Artemus; Frank Hawn, Barbourville; Rev. J. W. Myrick Corbin; Bev Smith, Hopper; John Hubbard, Barbourville; Bev Jackson, Erose; Mat Girdner; Bryant's Store; Steve E. Golden, Barbourville; Frank Jones, Mink; Sam Sergeant, Wilton; Lee Campbell, Indian Creek; Wm. Legere, Warren; John A. Campbell, Indian Creek; Wm. Pence, Place; Joe Yeager, Barbourville; Jordan Higgins, Barbourville.

London, Eng.—Irvin S. Cobb, writer, interviewed Lord Kitchener recently. Kitchener gave the interview under the impression that he was to meet Ty Cobb, the ball player.

CORNELL MAN

GROWS RECORD

TOMATO CROP

New Yorker Gets 30 Tons of Tomatoes an Acre From Fertilized Soil

Why take on the worries and uncertainties of Wall street and frenzied finance when common-place, blushing, luscious tomatoes bring wealth, happiness and independence at low cost?

That's the profitable philosophy of Frank Cockbourne, of Chautauque county, New York, Cornell graduate, soil lover and record tomato grower. Several years ago Cockbourne gave up an enviable place in the bustling commercial world and bought a small kingdom of his own—just 30 acres. Cockbourne loved tomatoes and he knew that millions of palates were just like his. So he set about to make a fortune out of them. He is on the way right now.

He has succeeded in raising 30 tons of tomatoes from an acre of his land. He maintains that he is going to boost the record every year.

The New York state specialist came to his task pretty well qualified. He is a soil and produce expert, a graduate from the agricultural college of his university. For years he was employed by a large eastern dairy company dispensing his knowledge to farmers who needed clear of science when applied to teasing more money from the soil in the shape of better and more crops.

The muck on which the record crops are grown did not seem worthy of consideration at first. But Cockbourne actually fed the soil. He helped starving nature, before setting the tomatoes he applied 600 pounds of fertilizer and later scattered 800 pounds more about the tomato plants at the time of setting. Cockbourne has had similar success in raising other crops. He declares that scientific fertilization is the secret of his record yields.

Los Angeles, Cal.—E. R. Davis supports a family of fourteen on a one-and-one-quarter acre of ground in spite of the fact that he has but one arm.

PAYROLL OF CIVILIZATION MET BY FARMER

WANTS NO "DEADHEADS" ON LIST OF EMPLOYEES.

A CALL UPON THE LAW MAKERS TO PREVENT USELESS TAX UPON AGRICULTURE.

By Peter Radford

Teacher National Farmers' Union

The farmer is the paymaster of industry and as such he must meet the nation's payroll. When industry pays its bill it must make a sight draft upon agriculture for the amount, which the farmer is compelled to honor without protest. This check drawn upon agriculture may travel to and fro over the highways of commerce; may build cities; girdle the globe with bands of steel; may search hidden treasures in the earth or brave the skies, but in the end it will rest upon the soil. No dollar will remain suspended in midair. It is as certain to seek the earth's surface as an apple that falls from a tree.

When a farmer buys a plow he pays the man who mined the metal, the woodman who felled the tree, the manufacturer who assembled the raw material and shaped it into an article of usefulness, the railroad that transported it and the dealer who sold him the goods. He pays the wages of labor and capital employed in the transaction as well as pays for the tools, machinery, buildings, etc., used in the construction of the commodity and the same applies to all articles of use and diet of himself and those engaged in the subsidiary lines of industry.

There is no payroll in civilization that does not rest upon the back of the farmer. He must pay the bills—all of them.

The total value of the nation's annual agricultural products is around \$12,000,000,000, and it is safe to estimate that 95 cents on every dollar goes to meeting the expenses of subsidiary industries. The farmer does not work more than thirty minutes per day for himself; the remaining thirteen hours of the day's toil he devotes to meeting the payroll of the hired hands of agriculture, such as the manufacturer, railroad, commercial and other servants.

The Farmer's Payroll and How He Meets It.

The annual payroll of agriculture approximates \$12,000,000,000. A portion of the amount is shifted to foreign countries in exports, but the total payroll of industries working for the farmer divides substantially as follows: Railroads, \$1,252,000,000; manufacturers, \$4,365,000,000; mining, \$655,000,000; banks, \$200,000,000; mercantile \$3,500,000,000, and a heavy miscellaneous payroll constitutes the remainder.

It takes the corn crop, the most valuable in agriculture, which sold last year for \$1,692,000,000, to pay off the employees of the railroads; the money derived from our annual sales of livestock of approximately \$2,000,000,000, the yearly cotton crop, valued at \$920,000,000; the wheat crop, which is worth \$610,000,000, and the oat crop, that is worth \$440,000,000, are required to meet the annual payroll of the manufacturers. The money derived from the remaining staple crops is used in meeting the payroll of the bankers, merchants, etc. After these obligations are paid, the farmer has only a few bunches of vegetables, some fruit and poultry which he can sell and call the proceeds his own.

When the farmer pays off his help he has very little left and to meet these tremendous payrolls he has been forced to mortgage homes, work women in the field and increase the hours of his labor. We are, therefore, compelled to call upon all industries dependent upon the farmers for subsistence to retrench in their expenditures and to cut off all unnecessary expenses. This course is absolutely necessary in order to avoid a reduction in wages, and we want, if possible, to retain the present wage scale paid railroad and all other industrial employees.

We will devote this article to a discussion of unnecessary expenses and whether required by law or permitted by the management of the concerns, is wholly immaterial. We want all waste labor and extravagance, of whatever character, cut out. We will mention the full crew bill as

illustrating the character of unnecessary expenses to which we refer.

Union Opposes "Full Crew" Bill

The Texas Farmers Union registered its opposition to the character of legislation at the last annual meeting held in Fort Worth, Tex., August 1, 1911, by resolution, which we quote, as follows:

"The matter of prime importance to the farmers of this state is an adequate and efficient marketing system; and we recognize that such a system is impossible without adequate railroad facilities, embracing the greatest amount of service at the least possible cost. We further recognize that the farmers and producers in the end pay approximately 95 per cent of the expenses of operating the railroads, and it is therefore to the interest of the producers that the expenses of the common carriers be as small as is possible, consistent with good service and safety. We, therefore, call upon our law-makers, courts and juries to bear the foregoing facts in mind when dealing with the common carriers of this state, and we do especially reaffirm the declarations of the last annual convention of our State Union, opposing the passage of the so-called 'full-crew' bill before the thirty-third legislature of Texas."

The farmers of Missouri in the last election, by an overwhelming majority, swept this law off the statute book of that state, and it should come off of all statute books where it appears and no legislature of this nation should pass such a law or similar legislation which requires unnecessary expenditures.

The same rule applies to all regulatory measures which increase the expenses of industry without giving corresponding benefits to the public. There is oftentimes a body of men assembled at legislative sessions—and they have a right to be there—who, in their zeal for rendering their fellow-associates a service, sometimes favor an increase in the expenses of industry without due regard for the men who bow their backs to the summer's sun to meet the payroll, but these committees, while making a record for themselves, rub the skin off the shoulders of the farmer by urging the legislature to lay another burden upon his heavy load and under the lash of "be it enacted" goad him on to pull and surge at the traces of civilization, no matter how he may sweat, foam and gull at the task. When legislatures "cut a melon" for labor they hand the farmer a lemon.

The farmers of the United States are not financially able to carry "dead heads" on their payrolls. Our own hired hands are not paid unless we have something for them to do and we are not willing to carry the tired help of dependent industries unless there is work for them. We must therefore insist upon the most rigid economy.

Legislative House-Cleaning Needed.

While the war is on and there is a lull in business, we wait all legislative bodies to take an inventory of the statute books and wipe off all extravagant and useless laws. A good house-cleaning is needed and economies can be instituted here and there that will patch the clothes of indigent children, rest tired mothers and lift mortgages from dependent homes. Unnecessary workmen taken off and useless expenses chopped down all along the line will add to the prosperity of the farmer and encourage him in his mighty effort to feed and clothe the world.

If any of these industries have surplus employees we can use them on the farm. We have no regular schedule of wages, but we pay good farm hands on an average of \$1.50 per day of thirteen hours when they board themselves; work usually runs about nine months of the year and the three months dead time they can do the chores for their board. If they prefer to farm on their own account, there are more than 14,000,000,000 acres of idle land on the earth's surface awaiting the magic touch of the plow. The compensation is easily obtainable from Federal Agricultural Department statistics. The total average annual sales of a farm in the continental United States amounts to \$516.00; the cost of operation is \$340.00; leaving the farmer \$176 per annum to live on and educate his family.

There is no occasion for the legislatures making a position for surplus employees of industry. Let them come "back to the soil" and share with us the prosperity of the farm.

When honesty is really a good policy it is a poor virtue.

Lazy farmers are just as useless as dead ones and take up more room.

When the soul communes with the spirit of nature the back to the farm movement prevails.

There are two kinds of farmers. One tries to take all the advice he hears and the other won't take any at all.

Open An Account With THE NATIONAL BANK OF JOHN A. BLACK

A checking account WITH US will give you

a standing in this community that you can

not hope otherwise to gain. You will find us

Courteous, Appreciative, Progressive

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TOO MUCH REGULATION A NEW HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING

TING NOW, SAYS MR. TAFT

RAILROADS SHOULD BE GIVEN RESPITE, HE DECLARES

Boston, Mass., Jan.—"The people are regulating too much, the pendulum has swung too far the other way," said former President Taft in speaking of railroad matters at the alumni dinner of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology to-night.

Mr. Taft's view was in agreement with that voiced in a previous speech by Howard Elliott, president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, who expressed the opinion that the regulatory power of the Government was going too far.

"At first," said Mr. Taft, "the railroads thought they were the whole thing. They violated the law, did things they should not do, defied the people as they did the Interstate Commerce Commission during the early part of its life. But they found, as everybody else will find, that nobody can defy the people on questions of justice."

"I agree with President Elliott that the pendulum now has swung too far, that the people are regulating too much, and consequently the people are hurting themselves. We must retrace our steps if we would actually work for good."—Courier Journal

Odd Bits of News

Copake, N. Y.—Mrs. Wm. Honner awoke and saw a horse standing in the snow near the freight depot. An hour later the horse was still there and she called up Constable Reynolds. He left his warm bed, walked three miles and started to lead the horse away when he discovered it was a wooden horse, consigned to a local barnes maker.

Kenosha, Wis.—This city has adopted the pay as you go system and will pay cash for everything it buys and demand the same discount that would be allowed to any private firm or corporation.

Chicago, Ill.—Billy Sunday insists that before he will begin his evangelistic meetings in Chicago he must be assured that a \$250,000 stock company be organized and incorporated to finance his religious meetings.

Why can we not have a High School Building in Knox County? The law provides that each county have a High School, where boys and girls who have finished the eighth grade and passed a satisfactory examination shall have a High School to attend without tuition.

Why don't the people of Knox county rise up and demand a High School for their boys and girls to attend. Kentucky has made rapid progress in her education for the last ten years, Knox county, as well as the rest of the counties, has been criticized on account of the graduated scale of illiteracy. Why not wake up right now, citizens of Knox county, and call for a High School Building in 1915 ready for the accommodation of your children in September. I can plead for a High School Building in this city for I teach in the graded school and know the conditions that exist; you don't fully realize what is needed unless you come in contact with the existing conditions. If the people of Barbourville knew the conditions as we teachers and students know them, I believe every man and woman would say erect a new High School Building. We teachers are handicapped, we cannot do for your children what we need to do and what we would like to do; how can we when we have to teach one grade part of the day and turn that grade out and take another grade the rest of the day? Is that just either to a teacher or a student? Where are the masses educated? In the public schools. Why not then prepare the best for their education and advancement?

The majority of the girls and boys of Barbourville go to the graded school and they need a building. Why not wake up right now, parents, and plead that we have it and have it this year.

The board of education is working faithfully to that end. It is a pull and a hard pull, but let's pull altogether and not lose one inch of ground we have won so far for we are working for the children, for the State and for humanity.

Sarah Jones Hughes.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Aaron Misenheimer, 92 years old, is accused by his wife of being infatuated with another woman.

THE MOUNTAIN ADVOCATE

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V. C. McDONALD, Assoc. Editor

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One Dollar Per Year in Advance

The Official Organ of the Republican Party in Knox County.

W. F. Parker

We are authorized to announce the name of Hon. W. F. Parker for the office of State Representative from the 69th Legislative District composed of the counties of Knox-Whitley, subject to the action of the Republican party at the regular Primary to be held Aug. 7th, 1915. He solicits your support.

Winchester, Ky., Jan. 1915.

To the Republicans of the Third Railroad Commissioner's District, composed of the following counties:

Bath	Greenup	Mason
Bell	Harlan	Menifee
Boone	Harrison	Montgomery
Bourbon	Jackson	Morgan
Boyd	Johnson	McCreary
Bracken	Kenton	Nicholas
Breathitt	Knott	Owsley
Campbell	Knox	Pendergast
Carter	Laurel	Perry
Clark	Lawrence	Pike
Clay	Lee	Powell
Elliot	Leslie	Robertson
Estill	Leitchfield	Rockcastle
Fleming	Lewis	Rowan
Flord	Madison	Whitley
Graut	Magnolia	Wolfe
	Martin	

I hereby announce my candidacy for re-nomination for the office of Railroad Commissioner in the General Primary next August. All of predecessors have received the second nomination without opposition. I have the assurance from all over the District that this custom will be followed in my case, for which I am deeply grateful.

Faithfully yours,
H. D. PARKER

M'CORMICK JOINS THE
REPUBLICAN CAUCUS

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 6th. At the Republican caucus of the State House of Representatives here last night before the opening tomorrow of the Illinois Legislature, Madril McCormick, member of the Progressive National Committee, and member of the House, and with H. S. Hicks, of Rockford, the only other Progressive in the Lower House, announced their intention of voting with the Republicans during the session. —Evening Post.

More Democratic

Prostration.

On Wednesday the 6th, the Courier-Journal came out with a glaring headline that flour is now \$5 per barrel. This is in keeping with the Platform, isn't it? They are not bringing down the high cost of living.

Bingham Convicted

In the case of the Commonwealth against Dave Bingham last week the jury brought in a verdict of guilty and fixed his punishment at an indeterminate period of not less than four nor more than six years in the penitentiary.

It will be remembered that young Bingham killed James T. Smith a Deputy Sheriff of Knox County while Smith was attempting to serve a bench warrant upon him for the crime of malicious cutting and wounding another, with intent to kill. Mr. Smith was also a Minister of the Baptist Church.

There was no eye witness to the killing of Smith, except the defendant. Bingham it is claimed is only 17 years old, in that event he will go to the House of Reform instead of the Penitentiary.

Illiteracy Commission
Holds Meeting.

The Kentucky Illiteracy Commission held a meeting in its office in Frankfort, Thursday, Jan. 7, 1915, at which all of the members were present. The members are as follows:—Mrs. Corna Wilson Stewart, President, Dr. J. G. Crabbe, of Richmond, Secretary—Treasurer, Hon. Barksdale Hamlett, of Frankfort, Miss Ella Lewis, of Leitchfield and President H. H. Cherry, of Bowling Green. The Commission passed a resolution thanking the Woman's Forward Movement for the funds raised by them for the Kentucky Illiteracy Commission, and acknowledging receipt of \$1,375 of same. The committee which was appointed by the Kentucky Illiteracy Commission last May to raise funds but which deferred its work that the Woman's Forward Movement might wage the finance campaign, was authorized to now proceed with its work and to raise funds to supplement the amount raised by the women of the State. The Commission made plans for propaganda of the illiteracy movement through the academies and colleges of the State through illiteracy committees to be appointed in each of the schools. Bulletins giving the number of illiterates in each county represented in such schools will be placed on the walls, and other features to stimulate the interest of students. The plan of campaign of the Education Committee of the Federation of Woman's Clubs was considered and approved. The traveling men's campaign, which is soon to be launched, it is to be a very unique and interesting one. It is designed to penetrate the most remote sections as well as the small towns, and to carry the message that adults have learned with comparative ease, and at advanced stages in life. The traveling men will carry on their grips "No Illiteracy in Kentucky in 1920", and "Everybody reads and writes in Kentucky in 1920". They will tell stories which illustrate the disadvantages of illiteracy, and the power and possibility of escaping from its attendance at moonlight schools.

One hundred and twenty orators men and women will be turned loose in the one hundred and twenty counties in the State this year in a speaking campaign on the subject of literacy. This is probably the most army of talent that has ever been listed in any one effort, and includes only Kentuckians and former Kentuckians. It is composed of State officials, United States Senators and Congressmen, Judges of the Court of Appeals, Circuit Court Judges, prominent educators and other distinguished men and women. The names are as follows:—

James B. McCreary, Governor of Kentucky; Edward J. McDermott, Lieut. Governor of Kentucky; James A. Garratt, Attorney General; J. W. Newman, Commissioner of Agriculture; Ollie M. James, U. S. Senator from Kentucky; Hon. Champ Clark, Speaker of House of Representatives in U. S. Congress; Johnson R. Camden, U. S. Senator from Kentucky; J. C. W. Beckham, U. S. Senator elect from Kentucky; Huu W. J. Fields, Representative in Congress from North Kentucky District; Swager Sherley, Representative from Fifth Kentucky District; J. Campbell Cantrill, Representative from Seventh Kentucky District; K. Y. Thomas, Jr., Representative from Third Kentucky District; J. W. Langley, Representative from Tenth Kentucky District; Harvey Helm, Representative from Eighth Kentucky District; Judges:—C. S. Nunn, of the Court of Appeals; John D. Carroll, of the Court of Appeals; J. P. Hobson, Ex Chief Justice; E. C. O'Rear, Ex Judge of Court of Appeals; J. R. Layman, 9th Judicial Dist; B. J. Bethurum, 28th Judicial Dist; D. W. Gardner, 21st Judicial Dist; Wm. Lewis, 27th Judicial Dist; R. L. Scott, 14th Judicial Dist; L. P. Eray, 18th Judicial Dist; W. A. Young, 21st Judicial Dist; Samuel E. Jones, 10th Judicial Dist; A. J. Kirk, 24th Judicial Dist; J. P. Gregory, 30th Judicial Dist. Criminal Division, Louisville; James Quarles, 30th Judicial Dist. Chancery District,

Louisville; J. W. Benton, 25th Judicial Dist; J. W. Crumack, 15th Judicial Dist; M. M. Redwine, 32nd Judicial Dist; C. D. Newell, 19th Judicial Dist; Columbus Mills, Barbourville, Ky. Chas. Kerr, 22nd Judicial Dist; Chas. A. Harlan, 13th Judicial Dist; Claud B. Terrell, Speaker House of Representatives, Kentucky Legislature; H. M. Brock, Senator Kentucky Legislature from 33rd Dist; Stanley F. Reed, Representative Kentucky Legislature from Mason county; H. S. Barker, President State University, Lexington; Dr. A. S. McKenzie, Dean Graduate School State University, Dr. J. C. Noe, Dean School of Education, State University, W. P. King, President Kentucky Educational Association; E. C. McDougle, Head of Department of Pedagogy, Eastern State Normal; Madam Helen Piotrowska, Head of Department of French, German and Psychology, Eastern State Normal; Roscoe Gilmore Stott, Head of Department of English, Eastern State Normal; Wren J. Grinstead, Head of Department of Latin, Eastern State Normal; I. H. Henth, Head of Department of Common School Branches and Penmanship, Eastern State Normal; Francis G. Heverly, Head of Department of Household Economics, Eastern State Normal; Dr. Al. Kinman, Dean of Pedagogy, Western State Normal; M. P. Leiper, Head of English Department Western State Normal; Miss Mattie Reed, Head of Department of Literature, Western State Normal; A. P. Green, Head of Department of Geography and Geology, Western State Normal; W. J. Craig, Department of Chemistry and Physics, Western State Normal; McHenry Roads, State Supervisor of High Schools, Western State Normal; I. J. Coates, State Supervisor of Rural Schools; T. C. Button, State Supervisor Rural Schools; V. O. Gilbert, Assistant State Superintendent of Public Instruction; E. R. Jones, Chief Clerk of Department of Education; L. C. Holland, Superintendent Louisville City Schools; M. A. Cassidy, Superintendent Lexington City Schools; H. C. McKee, Superintendent Frankfort City Schools; Dr. J. P. W. Brown, Superintendent Somerset City Schools; I. H. Henley, Superintendent Paducah City School; R. S. Wubank, Editor Southern School Journal, Lexington; W. B. Ward, Editor Mountain School Journal Paintsville; R. L. McFarland, Superintendent Daviess County Schools; L. E. Foster, Superintendent Christian County Schools; Edgar C. Riley, Superintendent Boone County Schools; S. F. Elam, Superintendent Magoffin county schools; Orville J. Stivers, Superintendent Jefferson county schools; Dr. Wm. Goldell Frost, Pres. Berea College; William Carl Hunt, Head of Historical and Civics Department, Berea College, and many other noted speakers and instructors.

Camden Not a Candidate

The Democrats of Kentucky are having a great scramble over the nomination for Governor. Now they have a new man in the race, Prot. Cherry, of Bowling Green. It seems as though Prot. Cherry is now or has been President of a School at Bowling Green, and merges into the running for Governor of Kentucky about in the same manner that the President of Princeton University came into the running for President of the United States, and since Mr. Camden is on the outside of the race, since he has told his party through the columns of the daily papers, it looks now like there is sure enough going to be some running now with E. J. McDermott in the lead. The Democratic candidates as they are now distributed, gets the vote divided so that the city of Louisville from whence comes E. J. McDermott the present Lieut. Governor, with a light scattering vote will name the man. The Gable at the Tower of Babylon would not compare with the noise made by the dissatisfied Democrats and their friends; for let them nominate who they will this dissatisfaction will come, and as sure as the election in November comes off the next Governor of Kentucky will be a Republican.

In the Game of Love you can always take a Heart if you will lead a Diamond.

THE COUNTY FAIR

By Peter Radford

Lecturer National Farmers' Union

The farmer gets more out of the fair than anyone else. The fair to a city man is an entertainment; to a farmer it is education. Let us take a stroll through the fair grounds and linger a moment at a few of the points of greatest interest. We will first visit the mechanical department and hold communion with the world's greatest thinkers.

You are now attending a congress of the mental giants in mechanical science of all ages. They are addressing you in tongues of iron and steel and in language mute and powerful tell an eloquent story of the world's progress. The inventive geniuses are the most valuable farm hands we have and they perform an enduring service to mankind. We can all help others for a brief period while we live, but it takes a master mind to tower into the realm of science and light a torch of progress that will illuminate the pathway of civilization for future generations. The men who gave us the sickle, the binder, the cotton gin and hundreds of other valuable inventions work in every field on earth and will continue their labors as long as time. Their bright intellects have conquered death and they will live and serve mankind on and on forever, without money and without price. They have shown us how grand and noble it is to work for others; they have also taught us lessons in economy and efficiency, how to make one hour do the work of two or more; have lengthened our lives, multiplied our opportunities and taken toll off the back of humanity.

They are the most practical men the world ever produced. Their inventions have stood the acid test of utility and efficiency. Like all useful men, they do not seek publicity, yet millions of machines sing their praises from every harvest field on earth and as many plows turn the soil in mute applause of their marvelous achievements.

FARMER RADFORD ON
WOMAN SUFFRAGE

The home is the greatest contribution of women to the world, and the hearthstone is her throne. Our social structure is built around her, and social righteousness is in her charge. Her beautiful life lights the skies of hope and her refinement is the charm of twentieth century civilization. Her graces and her power are the cumulative products of generations of quietly conquest, and her crown of exalted womanhood is jeweled with the wisdom of salutary mothers. She has been a great factor in the glory of our country, and her noble achievements should not be marred or her hallowed influence blighted by the coarser duties of citizenship. American civility should never permit her to bear the burdens of defending and maintaining government, but should preserve her unsullied from the allied influences of politics, and protect her from the weighty responsibilities of the sordid affairs of life that will crush her ideals and lower her standards. The motherhood of the farm is our inspiration, she is the guardian of our domestic welfare and a guide to a higher life, but directing the affairs of government is not within woman's sphere, and political gossip would cause her to neglect the home, forget to mend our clothes and burn the biscuits.

RURAL SOCIAL CENTERS

We need social centers where our young people can be entertained, amused and instructed under the direction of cultured, clean and competent leadership, where aesthetic surroundings stir the love for the beautiful, where art charges the atmosphere with inspiration and power, and innocent amusements instruct and brighten their lives.

To hold our young people on the farm we must make farm life more attractive as well as the business of farming more remunerative. The school house should be the social unit, properly equipped for nourishing and building character, so that the lives of our people can properly function around it and become supplied with the necessary elements of human thought and activity.

Education is a developing of the mind, not a stuffing of the memory. Digest what you read.

Old men have visions, young men have dreams. Successful farmers plow deep while sluggards sleep.

The growing of legumes will retard soil depletion and greatly add to its power to produce.

A lake of fire and brimstone isn't the only Hell ever invented. There is the case of the man who has a \$50 wife and a \$15 salary.

You may have noticed that somehow or other a cross-eyed girl with a mustache never gets mixed up in any Platonic Love Affairs and that she is never the goat in an Affinity case.

Designed and Patented 1887

Twenty-seven Years Ago the first Cortright Metal Shingles were put on.

CORTRIGHT METAL SHINGLES

They're still on—still in good condition, and the only attention they've had is an occasional coat of paint. In addition to the lasting qualities, they're Fireproof, Stormproof and inexpensive. For Sale by

J. H. BLACKBURN, Barbourville, Kentucky.

You Buy No Doubts
Remington Typewriter

It is not a question of your judgment only, or of ours; when you buy a Remington you are backed by the judgment of over three-quarters of a million Remington users. There is no other army of typewriter users like it. The collective voice of the typewriter using world says "Remington."

You are backed in your judgment by Remington sales of a machine a minute—the high water mark of typewriter production—unanswerable evidence of Remington progress and Remington leadership.

When you buy a Remington you know what you are getting.

Write to us for our latest illustrated booklet describing all the new improvements of our 10 and 11 visible models

Remington Typewriter Company

1125 N. 20th St., Middlesboro, Kentucky.

L. & N. Time Table

NORTH BOUND	
No. 12 Daily, except Sunday	1:52 p.m.
No. 22 Daily, due	1:14 a.m.
No. 24 Daily, due	11:44 p.m.
SOUTH BOUND	
No. 11 Daily, except Sunday	6:43 a.m.
No. 21 Daily, due	3:30 a.m.
No. 23 Daily, due	3:58 p.m.
Street car leaves Hotel Jones twenty minutes before schedule time for trains	
Cumberland R. R. Company.	
TIME TABLE	
South Bound.	
DAILY	
No. 3, Lve. Artemus	10:15 a.m.
No. 5, Lve. Artemus	4:15 p.m.
No. 35, Lve. " Sundays	7:30 a.m.
No. 37, Lve. " Sundays	4:28 p.m.
North Bound.	
No. 4, Arr. Artemus	1:20 p.m.
No. 6, Arr. Artemus	6:35 p.m.
No. 36, Arr. " Sunday	9:40 a.m.
No. 38, Arr. " Sunday	6:30 p.m.
W. B. STARKE, Gen. Pass Agt	
T. H. HAYDEN, Gen. Mgr.	

DOGGREL.

Old Lijah Lee bought a hundred head
Of Southdown sheep, that he aims to keep
In the pasture back of the river bed.
They're high-toned critters, and fancy bred;
Old Lijah, he reads all the books that's sent
By the Ag-i-cut-churl Dee-partment.
He 'lows he'll be right rich some day
If we 'uns 'll keep our dawgs away.
But what'll we 'uns do with Fauny An' Looie an' Dewey?
An' what's goin' to come of Rover An' Spot, Sport, King and Hawg?
How'll we get shed of Aunie An' Downie and Brownie,
Of Nigger, Jigger, Nannie, Ray an' Tray?
Why, we must have a Dawggone dawg!

—E. F. McIntyre.

"Cured"

Mrs. Jay McGee, of Stephenville, Texas, writes: "For nine (9) years, I suffered with womanly trouble. I had terrible headaches, and pains in my back, etc. It seemed as if I would die, I suffered so. At last, I decided to try Cardui, the woman's tonic, and it helped me right away. The full treatment not only helped me, but it cured me."

TAKE

Cardui
The Woman's Tonic

Cardui helps women in time of greatest need, because it contains ingredients which act specifically, yet gently, on the weakened womanly organs. So, if you feel discouraged, blue, out-of-sorts, unable to do your household work, on account of your condition, stop worrying and give Cardui a trial. It has helped thousands of women,—why not you? Try Cardui. E-71

When a woman's hips are so big around that she has to go through a door sideways she gets a lot of comfort out of the fact that she is broad minded.

The old-fashioned 17-year-old girl who used to read books on "What A Young Girl Ought To Know" has a 17-year-old daughter who puts her mother wise.

The Willow Girl cops out the covers of the magazines. But the girl with the wide curves and the dimples in her anatomy attracts all the attention on the street.

Church Directory

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH
Every Sunday in each month.
Morning Service..... 10:45 a. m.
Evening "..... 7:30 p. m.
Sabbath School..... 9:00 a. m.
Prayer Meeting, Thursday..... 7:30 p. m.
M. B. C., 1st & 3rd, Mondays, 7:30 p. m.
REV. E. R. OVERLY, Pastor.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH SERVICES
Morning Service..... 11:00 a. m.
Evening "..... 7:30 p. m.
Sabbath School..... 9:45 a. m.
Junior Endeavor..... 1:30 p. m.
S. S. Workers' Con. Tues..... 7:30 p. m.
Prayer Meeting, Tuesday..... 7:30 p. m.
REV. J. W. LIGON, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH SERVICES
First and Third Sunday in each month.
Morning Service..... 11:00 a. m.
Evening "..... 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School..... 9:45 a. m.
Prayer Meeting, Wednesday..... 7:30 p. m.
REV. HUNT, L. BROWN, Pastor.

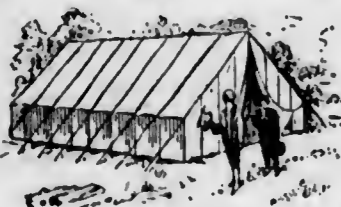
METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH SOUTH
Second and Fourth Sunday in each month.
Morning Service..... 11:00 a. m.
Evening "..... 7:30 p. m.
Sabbath School..... 9:45 a. m.
REV. W. D. GIBBS, Pastor.

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Book of 14 short stories;
Book of love making; Book of Mormonism Exposed; Guide to happy marriage; How to get rich; Book of fortune telling; Joke book; Parlor tricks; Secrets for women only; Spiritualism Exposed; All 10 Books sent Postpaid for 10 CENTS.
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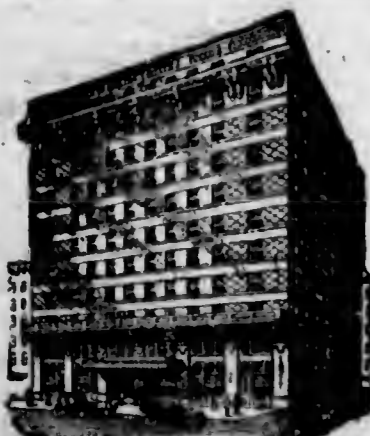
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Louisville Tent & Awning Co.
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Just think, a printing outfit that will print and mark them, books, papers, note paper, envelopes, cards, etc. This is the cheapest Rubber Type outfit ever offered. Can be changed from one theme to another. This outfit with Rubber Type, Two-color Ink pad, and holder, sent postpaid for 10 cents.
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Club Breakfast from 25c up; noon day Lunch 50c; table d'hôte Dinner, 6 to 8 p. m. \$1.00. Also elaborate a la carte service in Restaurant.
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With private bath \$1.50
up to \$3.00 per day.

Large sample rooms with private bath \$2.50 to \$3.50 per day.

You are cordially invited to make this hotel your headquarters while in Louisville, even if only for a day. Have your mail and packages delivered here. You will always be a welcome guest.
ROBERT D. JONES, Manager.

HOW TO BE HAPPY Book every married couple and those to be, need directions for declaring intentions, Rules of Etiquette and valuable suggestions for single and married of both sexes. 10 cents postpaid.
Address: 424 Columbus Mills, P. O. Box 173 Barbourville, Ky.

THE CHURCH AS A SOCIAL CENTER

A Broader Sphere for Religion—New Field for the Rural Church.

By Patar Radford
Lecturer National Farmers' Union
The social duty of the rural church is as much a part of its obligations as its spiritual side. In expressing its social interest, the modern rural church does not hesitate to claim that it is expressing a true religious instinct and the old-time idea that the social instincts should be starved while the spiritual nature was overfed with solid theological food, is fast giving way to a broader interpretation of the functions of true religion. We take our place in the succession of those who have sought to make the world a fit habitation for the children of man when we seek to study and understand the social duty of the rural church. The true christian religion is essentially social—its tenets of faith being love and brotherhood and fellowship. While following after righteousness, the church must challenge and seek to reform that social order in which moral life is expressed. While cherishing ideals of service, the rural church which attains the fullest measure of success is that which enriches as many lives as it can touch, and in no way can the church come in as close contact with its members as through the avenue of social functions. The country town and the rural community need a social center. The church need offer no apology for its ambition to fill this need in the community. If an understanding of its mission brings this purpose into clear consciousness. The structure of a rural community is exceedingly complex; it contains many social groups, each of which has its own center, but there are many localities which have but one church and although such a church cannot command the interest of all the people, it is relieved from the embarrassment of religiously divided communities.

Social Needs Imperative.

The average country boy and girl have very little opportunity for real enjoyment, and have, as a rule, a vague conception of the meaning of pleasure and recreation. It is to fill this void in the lives of country youth that the rural church has risen to the necessity of providing entertainment, as well as instruction, to its membership among the young. The children and young people of the church should meet when religion is not even mentioned. It has been found safest for them to meet frequently under the direction and care of the church. To send them into the world with no social training exposes them to grave perils and to try to keep them out of the world with no social privileges is sheer folly. There is a social nature to both old and young, but the social requirements of the young are imperative. The church must provide directly or indirectly some modern equivalent for the husking bee, the quilting bee and the singing schools of the old days. In one way or another the social instincts of our young people must have opportunity for expression, which may take the form of clubs, parties, picnics or other forms of amusement. One thing is certain, and that is that the church cannot take away the dance, the card party and the theatre unless it can offer in its place a satisfying substitute in the form of more pleasing recreation.

Universal Instinct for Play.

In providing for enjoyment the church uses one of the greatest methods by which human society has developed. Association is never secure until it is pleasurable; in play the instinctive aversion of one person for another is overcome and the social mood is fostered. Play is the chief educational agency in rural communities and for the play-day of human childhood social sympathy and social habits are evolved. As individuals come together in social gatherings, their viewpoint is broadened, their ideals are lifted and finally they constitute a cultured and refined society. It is plain, therefore, that the church which aims at a perfected society must use in a refined and exact way the essential factors in social evolution and must avail itself of the universal instinct for play. If the church surrounds itself with social functions which appeal to the young among its membership, it will fill a large part of the lamentable gap in rural pleasures and will reap the richest reward by promoting a higher and better type of manhood and womanhood.

Osage-orange wood is a source of dye and can be used to supplement the imported fustic wood, as a permanent yellow for textiles.

The arboretum, established at Washington in Rock Creek Park, through cooperation between the forest service in the District of Columbia, now contains 1,200 trees, comprising 93 different species.

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Compare this new fore door model of the METZ with any other Roadster on the market and you will see at once its superiority in appearance, easy-riding qualities, and dependable road performance. The METZ has entered into open competition with cars of all makes and prices, even including racing models, in all kinds of endurance and hill-climbing, and has repeatedly won. It takes a Quality car to hang up a string of records such as these—including the 3-mile hill climb at Uniontown, the 1 mile hill climb at Richfield Springs, the track events at Springfield, and the last Glidden Tour, America's classic touring event.



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Containing letters of every style for almost every conceivable occasion, from first acquaintance to marriage, with invaluable information on the etiquette of courtship. The whole forming a convenient aid to those who need friendly counsel and confidential advice in matters pertaining to love, courtship and marriage. Love letters should be an index of the writer's judgment as well as the state of the affection, and therefore, care should be had in their composition, as well as in other letters, to correctness of style. All persons to whom correspondence is a difficulty, will find the letters in this book, a great help. The art of secret-writing, and simplified grammatical rules, will also be found in this book, which is printed on good quality paper, and bound in a handsome cover. Sent postpaid for only 25 Cents, Cash or Stamps.

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The OLD RELIABLE HOTEL; American Plan.

Home Comfort, Good Rooms, Best There is to Eat.

Courteous Attention to all Guests,
Out in the State People will find a Good Home at the WILLARD, Rates Reasonable

"s Just Like Staying at Home."

Is what they all say about the

WILLARD HOTEL

H. D. LINDSAY, Manager.

There were 400 fires this year on the national forests of Utah, southern Idaho, western Wyoming and Nevada, or 15 more than in the most disastrous season of 1910. Yet the cost of extinguishing them was only one-third and the damage only one-thirtieth of that of the earlier year. The difference is due to the better organization now, and to more roads, trails and telephones.

News print paper has been made by the forest service laboratory from 24 different woods, and a number compare favorably with standard spruce pulp paper.

The forest service is co-operating with 54 railroads, mining companies, and cities in making tests of wooden ties, timbers, poles, piling and paving blocks which have been given preservative treatments.

Mind Your Business.

I believe that the farmers in all parts of the country pay too much attention to other people's business and not enough to their own. The farmer must understand that his farm is a manufacturing plant and that he is a business man the same as any other individual who is engaged in turning out a finished or partly finished product. Farming therefore is a business. It needs attention and a lot of it. The plant is to be efficient and the product is to be marketed for what it is worth. But the farmer is not minding his own business. He lets another man make the prices—fix the rates he is to receive for the output of his plant. The fellows in the cities, the stock-yards men, the warehouse men, the cold storage men, the commission men, the butter, milk and cheese and egg men, these are the persons who fix the prices the farmer is to receive and the prices the retailers are to pay. And you may be sure that between these two prices there is a comfortable profit for the man in the middle although all that he does is to stand there between the two extremes of the transaction. But that is his business and he is attending to it. So he gets off at Prosperity Station.

Suppose that they followed the plan of the Florida or the California fruit growers. Things would be different. But it is hard to make the average farmer understand this. He will listen to the arguments of reformers and take a day off to vote for this or that freak law to prohibit something that does not affect him at all and that, therefore is not his business. But he will spend no time to come into town to attend a meeting that bears directly on his business—farming. He will vote for a constitutional amendment to prohibit the use of cigarettes, for instance, when the chances are that neither he nor any member of his family uses cigarettes. So he is not minding his own business. His business is to raise the best grain, vegetables, fruit, poultry or stock that he can; to see that he is provided with a cheap and sure means of getting these products to market place. He cannot do these things by acting independently. He and his neighbors must get together, act together and stick together. It may be admitted that some farmers are awakening to the fact that they are business men and are conducting their plants as it they were business institutions. But the great majority of these producers are just beginning to realize that it is only by acting in concert that the greatest good can be accomplished. Mr Farmer, you who read this, are you minding your business?—By Hiram Wallace.

The New Science

Agronomy

"Farm products cost more than they used to."
"Yes!" replied the farmer.
"When a farmer is supposed to know the botanical name of what he's raisin' an' the entomological name of the insect that eats it, an' the pharmaceutical name of the chemical that will kill it, somebody's got to pay."

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RATE INCREASE NECESSARY

FARMERS' UNION OFFICIALS
THINK RAILROADS ARE ENTITLED TO MORE REVENUE.

Products of Plow and Farmer Who
Lives at Home Should Be
Exempt From Increase.

By Peter Radford.

Lecturer National Farmers' Union.

The recent action of the Interstate Commerce Commission in granting an increase in freight rates in the eastern classification of territory, the application of the roads to state and interstate commissions for an increase in rates, and the utterances of President Wilson on the subject bring the farmers of this nation face to face with the problem of an increase in freight rates. It is the policy of the Farmers' Union to meet the issues affecting the welfare of the farmers squarely and we will do so in this instance.

The transportation facilities of the United States are inadequate to effectively meet the demands of commerce and particularly in the South and West additional railway mileage is needed to accommodate the movement of farm products. If in the wisdom of our Railroad Commissions an increase in freight rates is necessary to bring about an improvement in our transportation service, and an extension of our mileage, then an increase should be granted and the farmer is willing to share such proportion of the increase as justly belongs to him, but we have some suggestions to make as to the manner in which this increase shall be levied.

Rates Follow Lines of Least Resistance.

The freight rates of the nation have been built up along lines of least resistance. The merchant, the manufacturer, the miner, the miller, the lumberman and the cattleman have had their traffic bureaus thoroughly organized and to many instances they have pursued the railroad without mercy and with the power of organized tonnage they have hammered the life out of the rates and with unrestrained greed they have eaten the vitals out of our transportation system and since we have had railroad commissions, these interests, with skill and cunning, are represented at every hearing in which their business is involved.

The farmer is seldom represented at rate hearings as his organizations have never had the finances to employ counsel to develop his side of the case and, as a result, the products of the plow bear an unequal burden of the freight expense. A glance at the freight tariffs abundantly proves this assertion. Cotton, the leading agricultural product of the South, already bears the highest freight rate of any necessary commodity in commerce, and the rate on agricultural products as a whole is out of proportion with that of the products of the factory and the mine.

We offer no schedule of rates, but hope the commission will be able to give the railroad such an increase in rates as is necessary without levying a further toll upon the products of the plow. The instance seems to present an opportunity to the Railroad Commissions to equalize the rates as between agricultural and other classes of freight without disturbing the rates on staple farm products.

What is a Fair Rate?

We do not know what constitutes a basis for rate making and have never heard of anyone who did claim to know much about it, but if the prosperity of the farm is a factor to be considered and the railroad commission concludes that an increase in rates is necessary, we would prefer that it come to us through articles of consumption on their journey from the factory to the farm. We would, for example, prefer that the rate on eggs remain as at present and the rate on meat bear the increase, for any farmer can then avoid the burden by raising his own meat, and a farmer who will not try to raise his own meat ought to be penalized. We think the rate on coal and brick can much better bear an increase than the rate on cotton and flour. We would prefer that the rate on plows remain the same, and machinery, plows and such articles as the poorer farmer cannot hope to possess bear the burden of increase.

The increase in rates should be so arranged that the farmer who lives at home will bear no part of the burden, but let the farmer who boards in other states and countries and who feeds his stock in foreign lands, pay the price of his folly.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Campbell Mercantile Company, a Kentucky corporation with its principal place of business at Gray, Ky., is closing up its business with the intention to wind up the affairs.

All persons having claims against said Company are requested to present same at once.

M. CAMPBELL

NOTICE NEW FIRM

We have just recently purchased a Stock of goods, consisting of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Ladies' and Gent's Underwear, etc., which we will sell at prices much lower than can be bought elsewhere for cash, or its equivalent.

Groceries, Fruits,
Tinware, Flour and Meal

and some Hardware, which we offer at prices as low as the lowest.

We are located in the M. E. Faulkner building on Main Street, opposite the store of J. T. Beddow.

Bring in your produce and we will pay you the highest market price.

Yours for business,

PERKINS & CO.

S. M. PERKINS,)
CLARA E. JARVIS,) Proprietors.
M. T. McDONALD,)

Kentucky Carlsbad Springs

Something that Kentucky Carlsbad Water Will Do That No Other Water Ever Discovered Has Done

We will tell you a little about it in your water in this day and we are curing diseases of the kidneys that drink the water. We will give relief to the most severe cases of kidney trouble in one day, and will absolutely cure any case in ten days. Stomach trouble can be relieved in twelve hours, and we will guarantee it to cure any case in ten days. It hasn't become common. Bladder trouble of any kind will be cured in ten days. It will cure any old sore by bathing in it for two or three days. We guarantee it to cure any case of encephalitis of the head or howels in ten days. If you drink this water for ten days you will be absolutely free from constipation or any organic trouble, as it positively will restore every internal organ of the body in ten days. If it doesn't the treatment won't cost you anything.

You can get the same results, if it is not convenient for you to come to the Springs, right at your home, as we ship the water with full directions, excepting rheumatic cases; they must come to Springs to get well. Be sure to write for our free booklet.

Kentucky Carlsbad Springs, Inc.
DRY RIDGE, KENTUCKY.

Mt Pleasant, Mich.—Mrs Warren Johnson, 82, is probably the oldest newspaper reporter in the country. She has been reporting for 40 years.

Farm Credit System Needed

St. Joseph, Mo.—Farm wealth of the United States, estimated at \$40,000,000,000 should be the basis on which the prosperity of the country rests permanently, yet there is no adequate law under which to finance the farm. That was the condition described here last week at the Interstate Agricultural Congress by W. C. Brown, former president of the New York Central Railroad.

"The establishment of farm credits is one of the most important questions now before the nation," Mr. Brown said. "The farmer is paying twice the interest he should. Long time loans at a low rate would enable the farmers to properly finance his work and it is this financing upon which depends to a large degree the prosperity of the country."

Spokane, Wash.—Emery O. Edwards, of Colville, Wash., died in New York recently. Only after his death was it learned that he was in New York in regard to an estate estimated at hundreds of millions of dollars, to which he was sole heir.

Fort Totten, N. Y.—A mosquito bite may result in blindness to Sergeant David Levine, of the 114th Coast Artillery. The bite resulted in blood poison and surgeons fear he will lose the sight of one eye.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Mrs Walter W. Akers was brought back to life recently, by three physicians after she had been actually dead for more than ten minutes. The "miracle" was performed by manipulating the heart until it began to beat and by artificial respiration.

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THE RURAL PRESS

The Local Paper a Most Useful Agency on the Farm—The Press, Pulpit and School a Trinity of Influence That Must Be Utilized in Building Agriculture.

By Peter Radford

Lecturer National Farmers' Union

A broad campaign of publicity on the subject of rural life is needed in this state today to bring the problems of the farmers to the front. The city problems are blazoned upon the front pages of the metropolitan dailies and echoed in the country press, but the troubles of the farmers are seldom told, except by those who seek to profit by the story, and the glitter of the package oftentimes obscures the substance. A searching investigation into the needs of the farmers will reveal many inherent defects in our economic system that can be easily remedied when properly understood and illuminated by the power of the press.

The rural press, the pulpit and the school are a trinity of powerful influences that the farmer must utilize in their fullest capacity before he can occupy a commanding position in public affairs. These gigantic agencies are organized in every rural community and only await the patronage and cooperation of the farmer to fully develop their energy and usefulness. They are local forces working for the best interests of their respective communities. Their work is to build and their object is to serve. They prosper only through the development and prosperity of the community.

Every farmer in this state should subscribe for the local paper, as well as farm periodicals and such other publications as he may find profitable, but he should by all means subscribe for his local paper, and no home should be without it. The local paper is part of the community life and the editor understands the farmer's problems. It is the local press that will study the local problems and through its columns deal with subjects of most vital importance to local life of the community.

A Noble Task

In too many instances the country papers mimic the city press by giving prominence to scandals, accidents and political agitation. The new rural civilization has placed upon the rural press renewed responsibilities, and enlarged possibilities for usefulness. It cannot perform its mission to agriculture by recording the frailties, the mishaps and inordinate ambitions of humanity, or by filling its columns with the echoes of the struggles of busy streets, or by enchanting stories of city life which lure our children from the farm.

It has a higher and nobler task. Too often the pages of the city dailies bristle with the struggle of ambitious men in their wild lust for power, and many times the flames of personal conflict sear the tender buds of new civilization and illuminate the pathway to destruction. The rural press is the governing power of public sentiment and must hold steadfast to principle and keep the ship of state in the roadstead of progress. The rural press can best serve the interests of the farmers by applying its energies to the solution of problems affecting the local community. It must stem the mighty life current that is moving from the farm to the cities, sweeping before it a thousand boys and girls per day. It has to deal with the fundamental problems of civilization at their fountain head. Its mission is to direct growth, teach efficiency and mold the intellectual life of the country, placing before the public the daily problems of the farmers and giving first attention to the legislative, co-operative, educational and social needs of the agricultural classes within its respective community.

The Power of Advertising.

The influence of advertising is clearly visible in the homes and habits of the farmers, and the advertising columns of the press are making their imprint upon the lives of our people. The farmer possesses the things that are best advertised.

The farmer is entitled to all the advantages and deserves all the luxuries of life. We need more art, science and useful facilities on the farms, and many homes and farms are well balanced in this respect, but the advertiser can render a service by teaching the advantages of modern equipment throughout the columns of the rural press.

The farmers are in need of personal leadership. They have political leaders, but they need local industrial community and educational leaders.

New York—A sailing vessel has arrived in port whose crew did not know of the present war. The boat was the Padang. She left Padang, Sumatra, on August 12th and did not speak any vessel until just outside of New York, where she was hailed by a British cruiser.

T. F. Faulkner & Co's. Big cash sale is all the go.

Bonds For Sale!

The Graded School District at Gray, Ky., have for Sale \$3,000.00 in School Bonds, Running from \$100 to \$500, payable in 1, 2 and 3 years. The Trustees invite you to call or write. They want to close this matter up as soon as possible. Our prices will be made known upon request. Let us hear from you.

J. W. PARKER, Chm. Board Trustee.

NOV 20-11

T. G. VICARS, Secretary



HAS the whole world gone stark mad over a very foolish and trivial question? Are swords rattling, cannon rumbling, mailed armour clashing, because Russia wanted to show her love for the little brother—Serbia?

Tear aside the curtain of Europe's politics and see the grim and sinister game of chess that is being played. See upon what a slim, yet desperate, excuse the sacred lives of millions may be sacrificed. Read the history of the past one hundred years, as written by one of the greatest authorities the world has ever known, and learn the naked, shameful truth. Just to get you started as a Review of Reviews subscriber, we make you this extraordinary offer. We will give to you

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Four splendid cloth volumes, full of portraits, sketches, maps, diagrams

Today is the climax of a hundred years of preparation. Read in this timely, authoritative, complete, AND THE ONLY CONDENSED classic world history—of which over 2,000,000 copies have been sold in France alone—just what has taken place in the inner councils of Europe during the past one hundred years. Read in these entrancing pages how Russia has for years craftily been trying to escape from her darkness—to get a year-round open port, with its economic freedom. Read how Germany and Austria, fearful of the master's latent strength, have been trying to checkmate her and how they have pinned all in this last, supreme stake.

The Lesson of the Past

This master of the pen shows you the gloom that was Greece's and the grandeur that was Rome's. He guides you through the Middle Ages, the picturesque old days of feudalism and the crusades, through the Renaissance up to contemporary history, which Prof. Duruy completes in brilliant manner. In the story of the past he is the master of today. And you will understand them better when you read the Review of Reviews, for a year—the Review of Reviews will give you a sane interpretation of the events that are taking place with such rapidity. It is not enough to read the daily news. You study to a momentous conclusion, and to discuss them rationally depends on a true interpretation of the meaning and the "why" of events. In your mind you must bring order out of chaos—and the Review of Reviews will do it for you.

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Review of Reviews Co., 30 Irving Pl., N.Y.

NOTICE

To all persons who are contemplating having a new road opened or an old one changed, is hereby requested to file your petitions as soon as possible so I can make my surveys and estimate cost of work by April 1st, in order to ask the Fiscal Court to lay sufficient levy to cover same, besides it is my intention to personally look after all construction work when spring opens up and I do not want them to have any instrument work to do, as I can do this work during the winter season when no road work can be done, and then when spring opens I could devote my entire time to looking after the roads all Spring, Summer and Fall, so get in your petitions at once and I will push all litigations to the full extent.

Yours for Good Roads,
THOS. HUBBARD,
Acting Road Engineer.

FOR QUICK SALE.

Coming, four year old combined saddle and harness stallion, colt of the famous Rex, Peary's horse of the bluegrass.

T. N. GOLDEN

NOTICE

I, as County Judge of Knox County will receive sealed bids on the rent of the Poor House Farm, of Knox County, and the keeping of the Paupers of same for the year 1915. Bids will be received until the first Tuesday in January and opened in the presence of the Fiscal Court that day, with the right to reject any and all bids. The letting of same will be to the lowest and best bidder, for keeping, dieting, clothing, and comfortable keeping the Paupers and the best bid on the rental of the farm.

Thomas G. Hammons,
Judge.

Madam Cleo

Will tell you by the Stars, what the New Year has in store for you. Send birth date and one dollar (\$1) to day. Tomorrow may be too late. Box 25, Capital Hill Sta., Jan 1-2t Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

The public generally needs the Advocate, your home needs it, and so

COUNTY CORRESPONDENCE

SPRULE NEWS.
(By Paul)

Sam Riley, of Hopper, was in out town last week on business.

Harve Hopkins, of Sprule, is teaching a winter school on Goose creek.

Rev Buck Jones, of Tuttle, Laurel county, preached an interesting sermon at this place Saturday and Sunday.

H W Cobb and Martha Helton, of this place, eloped to Cumberland Gap, Tenn., and were married last week.

A number of citizens of this part, attended court at Barbourville, last week.

G G Cobb, of this place, made a business trip to Brush creek, last week.

WOOLEUM

BLUE EYES

R B Cobb is gathering corn.

James, Martha and Matilda Blevens, spent Saturday and Sunday with their sister, Mrs Mary Cobb, and report a very pleasant time.

Boid Cobb and Jas Blevens, spent Sunday with Jas T Black.

Quite a crowd attended church at Bull creek, Sunday.

Tye Lewis dined at R B Cobb's Sunday and report a tilling time.

Misses Elen and Bertha Hummons visited Mrs Teunie Cobb, Sunday night and report a good time.

Henry Bennett visited Squire Cobb, Sunday.

Sam Hensley and family have moved from Whitley county to Disappointment, where they will make their future home.

MINK

NO ONE

J T Black, of Grays, is visiting J W Crook and family this week.

Miss Julia Amby visited her sister, Mrs Ethel Amby, Saturday and Sunday.

The Laurel county boys are very much interested in the Protract going on at New Bethel, but it seems the girls are more interesting to them than the meeting.

Hunting Shirt is a very dull place now as most of the girls and boys are in school at Barbourville.

Will Smith and E Adams were guests of Misses Nila and Anna Parker, Sunday.

There will be a protracted meeting begun at Mt Olive, the third Sunday night in January.

Misses Pearl and Minnie Jones were guests of Mrs Parker, Sunday.

J T Parker, J W Crook, Bert Humfleet and J J Chesnut, are attending court at Barbourville, this week.

WILTON

BLUE JAY

Bill Floyd's barn went up in smoke last week.

Olie Casey returned her home in Corbin, after a pleasant visit to her brother, at Wilton.

N B Helton has returned home from Emanuel, where he attended his brother's funeral.

Mabel Burch was the guest of Fannie Helton, Monday.

Mattie Helton was a Monday guest of Sarah Helton.

Eva and Flosie Helton attended church at Indian Gap, Sunday.

Uncle John Wells is dead. He leaves a wife and a host of friends to mourn his loss.

N B Helton was in Williamsburg last Saturday.

Eva and Estella Helton were at Emanuel last week.

Albert Helton and wife spent Saturday and Sunday with N B Helton. Henry McLeads in this end of the county.

Nath Tye has rented the property of J A Campbell, better known as the "Broad Heel Place".

N B Helton, who was ill during the Holidays, is able to be out.

S A Floyd is on the sick list, and his daughter, T B Terrell, is visiting S A Floyd last week during her sickness.

W T Helton was on the Lucas Knob, Thursday night for a fox chase.

Eva and Estella Helton spent two days nights with her cousin, Cora Helton and family, and returned home Sunday.

There were a large crowd of people at the funeral of George Helton on January 2nd, 1915. Mr Helton was well thought of by all knew him. He leaves a wife and four children to mourn their loss. He was a faithful member of the church and told his family that he was ready to meet Jesus at his summons.

Annie Wells has rented the property of W T Helton and has moved in.

GIBBS

(Rough Rider)

The weather is very nice at this time.

Mrs John Hoskins see her father, Ambrose Cobb, a birthday dinner, his fifty-seventh birthday. A large crowd were present and all report a very pleasant time.

J J Hoskins made a business trip to Goose Creek today.

All wanting fresh meat will find it at Ambros Cobb's as he has killed hogs.

John Henry Sasser and family, Tom Sasser and Sol Gilbert, were the guests of J J Cobb Saturday night.

Ambrose Cobb is just getting over a case of gripe of three weeks, was summoned to town last Friday and while on his way his mule fell and crippled him.

Andrew Cobb is visiting relatives at Sprule at this time.

Gilbert Cobb, Sprule, was at the birthday anniversary of his uncle, Ambrose Cobb, given by his daughter, Maggie Hoskins, Saturday, Jan 9th.

Rosey Hale and John C Cobb, were in our town Sunday.

Mrs Nancy Tedders, who has been very ill, is some better at this writing.

Misses Bertha Cobb and Nannie Hoskins and Maud Moore were the guests of Pearl Cobb, Monday.

J D Tedders left here for Oregon, a few days ago.

Manda Abner, daughter of Ambros Cobb, who lives in Indiana, is sick, and he is liable to go there at any time.

Bradley Cobb's baby is quite ill at this writing.

J B Jones is mighty bad off. The doctors call his complaint "Meat House Consumption," but I think there is a show for him after a few days time.

Mrs. Mary Moore and children were the guests of Ambros Cobb, Saturday night.

Sheriff's Sale

By virtue of Execution No. 3789, which issued from the Clerk's office of the Knox Circuit Court Dec. 11, 1914, in favor of

Sudie Baker & c.

vs

Ben Mills & c.

I will on Monday Jan. 25, 1915 at the Court House in Knox County expose to Public sale to the highest and best bidder on a credit of six months the following real estate, or so much thereof as will raise the sum of \$14 and the cost of this sale. Beginning at Willow, corner to lot No. 3; thence with lot No. 3, S 57, E 17 poles, S 51, E 60 poles to a dogwood and red oak, N 13, E 30 poles, N 45, W 45 poles to a willow at the creek; thence with

creek west 10 poles, S 66 W 18 poles to the beginning, levied on as the property of Ben Mills and Rosa Mills, and situated on Strinking Creek in Knox County. The purchaser will be required to execute bond with approved surety.

S. L. LEWIS,
Sheriff Knox County

SHERIFF'S SALE

National Bank of John A. Black against

L. D. Stanfill, &c.

vs

B. B. Owens

against

J. F. Stanfill, &c.

Croley Ddw. & Groc. Co.

against

L. D. Stanfill, &c.

Pursuant to executions No. 3,791, 3,792, 3,794, issuing from the Knox Circuit Court, I, or one of my deputies, will, on

On Monday, Jan. 25th, 1915,

It being the first day of the regular term of the Knox County County, at the court house door in Barbourville, expose to public sale to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand the following described property, levied on as the property of L. D. Stanfill, for the satisfaction of said executions, Execution No. 3,791, is for the sum of \$123.07, with interest from January 4th, 1914, until paid and the sum of \$24.65 and the cost of this levy and sale: No. 3,791, is for the sum of \$98.34 with interest from January 4th, 1914, until paid and the cost of this levy and sale; No. 3,794 is for the sum of \$53.69 with interest from—day of September, 1914, until paid and \$7.10 cost and the cost of this levy and sale. These executions are on replevin bonds and this sale will be made for cash in hand and if the highest bidder does not immediately pay the purchase price same will be resold on the same day. The sale will take place about 1 p. m.

Said property is described as follows: Lying on the west side of the Public Square facing on the square about 30 to 35 feet, and running back about 60 feet, with a two-story frame building on same.

SAM L. LEWIS, Sheriff
Knox County.

Apparatus For Making Ice

Every farmer can have his own ice plant at a cost of from \$13 to \$20, if he will use the apparatus described in a new bulletin just issued by D. J. D. Walters, professor of architecture in the Kansas Agricultural college.

The ice plant is made of galvanized iron and consists of a double tank with an inner tank about 10 feet long, 2 feet wide, and 12 inches deep. The top of the tank should be slightly wider than the bottom. The inner tank should be divided into six compartments by means of galvanized iron strips.

This double tank should be placed near an outdoor pump where the compartments can be easily filled with water. Being exposed on all sides, the water will freeze in from one to three hours. A bucket full of hot water poured into the space between the two tanks will loosen the cakes so that they may be removed. One freezing will give five cakes of ice each weighing 120 pounds. Fourteen freezings will yield four tons of pure ice, or enough to last an average family for a year. The cakes of ice can be packed away in sawdust in the cellar as they are frozen.

WANTED.—The address of heirs of Mrs. Mary Crooks, formerly of Barbourville, and mother of George Crooks, who died while serving in Company H, 5th Va., Infantry, Civil War. Address, Edward J. Redmond, Attorney, Washington, D. C.

BIG CASH SALE!

2-BIG STORES-2

T. F. Faulkner & Co.

Will on MONDAY, JANUARY 11, open and offer to the public, for CASH in hand, their entire stock of Merchandise, consisting of

Dry Goods, Notions, Hats, Caps, Clothing, Shoes, Building Material, such as Roofing, Lime, Cement, Fire Brick, Grates, etc.

HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS

SUCH AS

Stoves, Stove Repairs, Bedroom Suits, Odd Dressers,

Iron and Wood Bedsteads, Rugs, Mattings, Carpets, Linoleums, and many other things too numerous to mention. These goods must be turned into cash in a few days, therefore, we spare no mercy to ourselves, on account of space we can only mention a few prices, therefore YOU must come and see for yourselves and be convinced. Many things will go at less than wholesale prices.

Clothing, Shoes, Hats & Caps

Men's good Suits will range from - \$3.50 to \$12.50

Boy's " " " " " - 1.25 to 5.50

Shoes will go from 10c a pair and up, varying in size and quality.

Hats and Caps will be sold as Cheap as Dirt.

Underwear 19-cents and up according to quality.

Calico 4c per yard, good colors, less than wholesale,

but these goods must go,

4-cap, No. 7 Step Stoves, \$5.50 less than wholesale, but they must go.

No. 7, Coal and Wood Stoves \$7

"Tennessee Beauty" cook Stoves, from \$10, \$11, \$12, \$15; 6-cap for \$15.

Good Cast and Steel Ranges, \$18 to \$27.50; Heating Stoves \$2.50 to \$8.00;

Iron Bedsteads, \$1.75 to \$10.50; Odd Dressers, \$7 to \$15; Cane chairs, 50c;

Dining chairs as low as 80cts; Rocking chairs 45cts and up; Beautiful Rugs \$1.15 and up; Linoleum, 45-cents per square yard.

One Lot Good Turning Plows at Cost.

REMEMBER This sale will be on at both of our two big stores, and that these goods will not be here but a short time. Remember the day and date, MONDAY, JANUARY 11th, and the terms is for Cash in hand, so do not ask to have goods charged at the above prices. We will take great pleasure in showing you through our immense stock.

T. F. FAULKNER & CO.

2-BIG STORES-2

on Knox Street and on Depot Street.